AMENDMENTS TO SPECIFICATION - PER 37 CFR 1.121

Page 9, last paragraph on the page, first line and after last line of the paragraph, and continuing over to first full paragraph at third and sixth lines of the paragraph:

In Fig. 2 the lure 19 is shown as including the bait 21 having a barbed hook [21] 22 end formed as the stern end, a center body section 24 that has been wrapped with thread 25 and includes a pair eyes 26 attached to sides of the bait end, and to a bait eyelet 23 end. The eyelet end 23, as shown, is passed through port 27 that is formed through the wingcase wobbler 20 and is then attached to a swivel end 28 of a fishing line 29. The wingcase wobbler 20 port 27 is formed along the wobbler longitudinal axis, forward of the center, and the distance between the wobbler port 27 to the rear or stern end 31 is dependent upon the size of the bait and lip as are used, with, in practice, the distance is approximately one hundred (100) to one hundred seventy five (175) per cent greater than the spacing distance from the port 27 to the wobbler front end or bow 30. Further, the spacing distance from the port 27 to the to an end 37 of a slot 35 formed into the stern end 31, as shown in Figs. 3A through 3D, is at least one hundred (100) per cent or greater, or at least twice, the distance of the port 27 to the bow end 30.

For maintaining the wingcase wobbler 20 in a bowed state, as shown in Fig. 2, the bait body 24 includes a stop 32 that is preferably formed from metal as an angle section. The stop 32 has a base leg 33 that is either secured on its end to the hook [21] 22 body 24, or includes an right angle section to that base leg 33 end, not shown, is held in place by thread, or the like, that is wound

around the bait in forming the bait body. The stop 32 base leg 33 connects to a straight portion 34 that faces towards the hook [21] 22 eyelet end. The stop 32 is to receive and pass along a slot 35 that, as shown best in Figs. 3A through 3D, is formed longitudinally into the wingcase wobbler stern end 31,a short distance along the center longitudinal axis. Thereby, with the wobbler bowed, as shown in Figs. 5A through 5C, the slot 35 is passed along the stop 32 base leg 33 to where that stop base leg 33 contacts the slot 35 end 37. The bowing force applied to the wingcase wobbler 20 is then released after the slot 35 sides have traveled along opposite sides of the stop 32 base leg 33 and the slot end 37 has engaged the stop 32 base leg 33. The wingcase wobbler is maintained in a bowed state, holding the wingcase wobbler 20 on the bait 21, as shown in Fig. 2. So arranged, the wingcase wobbler 20 will remain securely mounted onto the bait 21, when pulled through water, with the force acting on the wobbler during trolling tending to urge the slot end 37 against the stop 32 base leg 33, locking the wobbler in place onto the bait.

Page 11, last paragraph continuing over to Page 12, third line from the bottom:

Shown in Figs. 3A through 3D and 4, the wingcase wobbler 20 port 27 is spaced from the wobbler center, along its longitudinal axis to between the bow and stern ends 30 and 32, respectively. The port 27 receives the hook eyelet fitted therethrough and is for mounting the lure 19 to a fishing line swivel end and its therefore the lure pivot point. So arranged, the portion of the wobbler from the port 27 to the stern 31 is preferably at greater distance than from the wobbler bow 31, producing a greater distance of back and forth travel across the swivel than that experienced at the wobbler bow end 31. This stern end travel is transmitted into the bait and provides a very strong or heavy wobble to that bait as the lure is pulled through the water. The distance from the port 27

to the stern end 31 is dependent upon the size of the bait and lip as are used, with, in practice, the distance is approximately one hundred (100) to one hundred seventy five (175) per cent greater than the spacing from the port 27 to the bow end 30. Further, the spacing distance from the port 27 to the to an end 37 of a slot 35 formed into the stern end 31, as shown in Figs. 3A through 3D, is at least one hundred (100) per cent or greater, or at least twice, the distance of the port 27 to the bow end 30. Additionally, with the wobbler bow end 30 extending upwardly from the bait 21, the lure 19 tends to stay off the bottom, even at slow towing speeds.

CERTIFICATE OF MAILING

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M. Reid Russell

January 20, 2005
Date

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